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FORTY-FIFTH YEAR.

## GREAT PACIFIC FLEET THEME OF SENATOR BEVERIDGE

Battleships Are Peace Doves And Torpedoes Excellent Peace Persuaders

SPEAKER PREACHES ENCONOMY OF WARSHIPS

BIG GUN PEACE, ONLY PEACE THAT IS STABLE, SENATOR TELLS AUDIENCE AT SEATTLE

By Associated Press.  
SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 5.—Before a large audience consisting of the citizens of the country most interested in maritime affairs on the Pacific, Senator H. J. Beveridge, senator from Indiana, delivered a ringing speech in favor of a greater navy.

He said in part:

"There are men in both parties who apparently never knew that this republic has a Pacific Coast. Some of them seem to think that our only seaboard is on the Atlantic, and most of that confined to New England. But in the senate last session, our fight for a greater navy taught these men that America's Pacific Coast is a mighty fact today, and before we are through all the world will know that America's Pacific Coast is the greatest fact in America's future."

"This republic, with the untold wealth of its resources, the unwieldy vigor of its people, the indescribable destiny that lies before it, must build a navy large enough to have as great a fleet permanently stationed in Pacific waters as we had last year on our Atlantic shores. I wish every warship of every nation on earth might be docked forever in the shipyards of a universal peace; but since they will not be for a hundred years to come, we, the greatest maritime people on the globe, ought to be the greatest power on its waters."

"We want this navy for peace, not war. Helpless men and nations have less peace than men and nations who are prepared."

"The second great reason for a mighty navy is economy. All the world knows that Spain would never go to war with us and that Cuba would have been freed by diplomacy if before the Spanish war broke out we had had four more battleships than we then possessed. That conflict hung on the supposed strength of our navy as estimated by other nations."

"In the battleship fight in the senate those who opposed us shouted 'economy'; but it is 'economy' to look ahead; it is 'economy' to prepare for war so thoroughly that war will become impossible."

"Therefore our navy must be so great that a mighty fleet can be stationed permanently in Pacific waters as well as on our Atlantic seaboard. This is the basis of the American navy for the future—a fleet for both oceans; a fleet for our western coast and a fleet for our eastern coast, either one of which can be reinforced by the other through the Panama Canal when that great work shall be finished. Every sufficient harbor on the Pacific slope should have floating docks where our Pacific ships can be overhauled, and at least two ports on the Pacific should have great government ship yards prepared not only to keep our Pacific ships in repair, but to build new ones when needed."

"Mr. Bryan would prevent war by moral influence and persuasion alone. But moral influence and persuasion alone did not prevent the Spanish war, in which he was a soldier. If moral influence and persuasion alone can prevent or redress wrongs by nations, why can it not prevent or redress wrongs by individuals or corporations? Would Mr. Bryan stop the wrongs of capital by moral influence and persuasion alone? If he could not prevent a lawless capitalist or laborer from evil practices by moral influence and persuasion alone, how could he prevent a foreign monarch or nation from hurtful aggressions by moral influence and persuasion alone? And if he thinks that American citizens wrong other American citizens so much that he advocates the penitentiary to punish them, how can he think that foreign nations will not wrong us at all? If he would not take the sword out of the hands of American justice at home, why would he take the sword out of the hands of American justice abroad?"

Journal Miner for high class job work

## CENTRAL ARIZONA RICH FIELD OF RED METAL

Territory Leads Country In Output Of Copper Bullion

(From Tuesday's Daily)  
The advent of the "Salt Lake crowd" into copper mining in Arizona looks certain to prove an epochal event, says a writer in the Los Angeles Times. Arizona now leads the world in the production of copper—leads Montana and Michigan by a very long lead, the former by 20,000,000 pounds, and the latter by 38,000,000 a year. That was for 1907. My judgment is that her lead will be as good as that this year—and probably a little better.

Arizona's copper output is produced at a lower cost than any other region in the world is able to produce an equal quantity—observe, I say, an equal quantity. Arizona does not produce her copper at as low a cost as Utah, but Utah does not, and probably never can, produce as much copper as Arizona—hasn't the deposits.

Charles M. McNeill has a great Arizona proposition in many points strikingly like his Utah proposition, but it appears to be a good deal bigger in volume—three or four times as big—and a little smaller in the average tenor of the output. It is distinctly a very low grade sulphide ore, but it averages six pounds more of copper to the ton, but probably from 10 to 15 cents less in gold and silver to the ton than the Utah property. I would estimate that it is worth about 75 cents a ton more than his Utah ore.

It changes that I had examined and reported on this great Ray property for a client myself before the McNeill crowd took it over, and so I am able to speak closely as to its merits. I advised my client to take it at the price asked, but I advised him also that it would be a hopeless enterprise without a working capital (including cost of operating plant) of three millions. He was a wealthy man, of good mining experience and plenty of courage, and he wanted it, but it got past him somehow and fell to McNeill and his followers.

I am confident that it is destined to rank ultimately as one of the greatest producers in Arizona—and Arizona leads the world. It has now—proved up by shafts, drifts, tunnels and drill holes—over four times the acreage of the Utah Copper Company—825 acres as against 200 acres. And it has a great acreage undeveloped, but believed to be valuable.

The ore represents a milling problem closely identical with that of the Utah property—a disseminated sulphide in a matrix that make a troublesome amount of "tail"—really a scoriae, a hydrated, white magnesian mica—under the stamps. This will inevitably entail a large loss of the copper. It does everywhere. But they claim to be now saving 75 per cent of the metallic values in the great new concentrators at Ely, Nev., on a similar ore, and they should do as well at Ray. That means a saving on a 2½ per cent ore of about 37 pounds of copper to the ton. I think it perfectly safe to calculate on a saving of 30 pounds of copper to the ton and 25 cents in gold and silver. That strikes western miners as hopelessly low. But it isn't hopeless at all. Only one mine in the Michigan field averages as high as that.

As for the smelting, that may cost a trifle more than the Utah—coke will be higher. The Ray people will probably smelt their vast tonnage of concentrates at the big smelting and Bessemerizing plants of the great London-Arizona mine, fifteen miles up the Gila from their mill. This latter property is the greatest undeveloped piece of copper ground in Arizona, and, being in the limestone, its copper is largely in the carbonate condition, so that the sulphides of the Ray will be a boon to sulphides of the Ray will be a boon to it. There are some surface indications that the two great companies will be operated as hand and glove to each other, and Los Angeles capital is invested in both. In fact, a large part of the London-Arizona stock is owned by Los Angeles people.

Although both of these vast deposits, which are within fifteen miles of each other, result from the same orogenic disturbance of the London-Arizona crust—the upheaval of the London-Arizona mountain range—the mineral character of the Ray is like that of the Utah Copper, while that of the London-Arizona closely resembles the character of the great Bisbee district in southeastern Arizona, both lying in the carboniferous limestone.

Both the Ray and the London are beyond a rational doubt very great properties, but the London-Arizona carries a direct smelting and perfectly self-fluxing ore, and will, therefore, produce its finished copper at a lower cost than any concentrating mine can possibly do.

## HEARST ATTACK OF KERN GETS REBUFF

No Interest Or Applause Aroused By Digs At Democrat

By Associated Press.  
LOS ANGELES, Oct. 5.—T. L. Higgen, the Independence nominee for president, and William Randolph Hearst addressed an audience of 6,500 persons at the Shrine Auditorium tonight.

Higgen devoted himself to the various issues of the campaign, and explained the reasons for the existence of the Independence party.

Hearst's speech was directed against Kern, and was received with little evidence of approval. Before Hearst had spoken five minutes the crowd began to leave in large numbers, resulting in such confusion that Hearst was compelled to cease speaking for some minutes.

About half the audience remained until the close of the address.

Hearst devoted his time to an attack on John W. Kern, the Democratic nominee for vice president. He referred to the recent finding of a pass on the Big Four railroad made out in Kern's name and pointed out that the Big Four was a branch railroad of the Vanderbilt system which was successfully prosecuted for rebates and fined \$116,000.

He devoted much attention to Kern's employment as attorney by Tom Taggart, and discussed in detail the alleged gambling at French Lick Springs, Indiana.

Hearst read but one letter. This was addressed to Chauncey Depew by Archibald, thanking him for pass, which Hearst stated, was over the New York Central lines.

### BEVERIDGE ASKS QUERY.

Does Not Think Democratic Senators Agree With Commoner.

TACOMA, Oct. 5.—Before an enthusiastic audience of twenty-five hundred persons, Senator Beveridge issued an open challenge to the Democratic National Committee to take a poll of the Democratic members of the United States Senate on the question whether they support Bryan in the franchise plan for government control of business and manufacturing industries, the injunction plan, and other radical measures the Nebraskan is advocating.

### SWIMS AS A FISH.

CHEROKEE, Oct. 5.—The submarine Emerald arrived here today after a run of eighty-one hours, in which it covered 693 miles under water.

## KERN JABS ROOSEVELT

SAYS PRESIDENT MIGHT AS WELL RUN A THIRD TIME AS SUPPORT TAFT

ASHEVILLE, Oct. 5.—"Patriotic men everywhere agree with me that a third term idea is no more hateful to the minds of American people than a president of this nation trying to dictate his own successor."

Before one of the largest and most demonstrative audiences that has greeted him on his speaking tour, Kern with these words arraigned the president and leaders of the Republican campaign at a rally of North Carolina Democrats here today.

## HUGHES FLATTERS BRYAN

REMARKS THE COMMONER DID COUNTRY A SERVICE BY BEING DEFEATED

ST. PAUL, Oct. 5.—"Bryan did the country a great service by being twice defeated. Had he been elected twelve years ago he would not be a candidate now, but would have gone down to disaster through his own fallacies."

In a speech here tonight Hughes thus summed up his reason for working to defeat the Democratic candidate.

Bryan's proposed remedies for the correction of national evils, he said, were "impossible panacea cure-alls."

Governor Hughes said he was supporting Taft because he was a cool-headed, warm-hearted man of achievement.

## CHOLERA STRIKES AMERICANS.

MANILA, Oct. 6.—Ten new cases of cholera were reported for the last twenty-four hours. They include two Americans.

## CAMERON SWEEP RUNNING LIKE WILD FIRE

Reports Attorney General Clark Back From Cameron Tour

(From Tuesday's Daily)  
Just returned from the triumphant tour of Ralph Cameron, Attorney General E. S. Clark gives a glowing account of approaching Republican success.

He says: "I met Cameron and his party at Solomonville, Graham county, on Monday last. Joseph E. Morrison, an old Prescott Republican, was with him, accompanied by a large number of enthusiastic Republicans who were escorting Ralph through that portion of the territory."

"Meetings were held at Solomonville, Safford and Thatcher, in the Gila valley, and during the day times impromptu receptions were being held almost constantly. At the meetings, all of which were limited only by the capacity of the halls, standing room being at a premium, the utmost enthusiasm prevailed. The large audiences invariably lingered long after the meetings had adjourned, to greet and talk with the popular Republican candidate."

"In fact, Cameron's progress through the valley was a triumphal march; one ovation following another in quick succession. The substantial people of that magnificent farming region have literally been captivated by the irresistible personality and winning ways of Ralph, and with their unerring estimate of character they have recognized in him the man of the hour—the one who can and will accomplish great things for Arizona. The slump in Mark Smith's former strength there is so apparent that predictions are being freely made by conservative residents that Ralph will carry the county. At any rate, the vote there for him will be so heavy as to astonish those who are figuring on a large Smith majority."

"But the Cameron meeting at Globe on Thursday evening simply broke all records. Nothing like it has ever been seen in Arizona. An immense crowd met him at the train, with a splendid band, and as he stepped from the train a thousand people broke into tremendous cheers and a thousand of the famous 'Cameron pennants' flashed into a field of fluttering color."

"Without time for rest or dinner he was taken to the new and spacious theater, filled to its limits, even the aisles being packed. As Cameron entered, the demonstration was deafening, and the great auditorium literally rocked with applause. His speech occasioned a similar ovation, and after the meeting, an informal reception was held which lasted until long after midnight. I have seen many political meetings in Arizona, but nothing which even approached this one. Globe is ablaze with Cameron sentiment, and Gila county may be counted on as safely in the Cameron column."

"In every camp south the miners are rallying strongly to Cameron, and his vigorous and strenuous campaign appeals to their western spirit. His boundless energy elicits admiration everywhere and new friends and supporters are daily joining forces with his numberless old ones."

"It is Cameron's year. In my judgment he will go to congress with the largest majority ever given in Arizona, and he will set a standard of achievement there which future Arizona congressmen will find it hard to equal."

### DISLIKE ANNEXATION.

Serious Riot at News Austria Is to Annex Bosnia and Herzegovina.

BELGRADE, Oct. 5.—News of Austria and Hungary's action in regard to the annexation of Bosnia and Herzegovina has aroused Serbia to the danger point. The streets this evening are thronged with a wild mob, and many rioters are discharging revolvers, and demanding war with Austria rather than take annexation.

### MUST ANSWER IN COURT.

Joe Yamamoto, Japanese, will be arraigned in the court of Justice of the Peace McLane today, to answer to the charge of cutting two fellow countrymen in an affray in the Japanese quarter several days ago. None of the brown men are seriously injured. The affray was kept a secret until Yamamoto, who escaped after the cutting, came out of hiding. The case was then reported to the officers. The knife wielder's arrest followed.

When your "fad" grows old sell it through a Journal-Miner want ad.

## SHYLOCK MINE TO OPERATE WITH ELECTRICITY

Shaft Sinking Abandoned Temporarily To Get Heavier Hoist

(From Tuesday's Daily)  
With unlimited confidence in the future of the Shylock mine, M. J. Enright, foreman of that property, left for his camp yesterday morning after representing the Black Hills precinct in the Democratic convention Saturday.

"Beyond doubt, the Shylock promises to become one of the great producers of the county with development," Enright said to a Journal-Miner representative. "Although the shaft is now 610 feet deep, the size of the ore zone has not been proven. Sinking is temporarily suspended until heavier hoisting machinery is installed. In the meantime the development is confined to the 300 foot and 500 foot levels."

"The management is contemplating the purchase of a hoisting and air compressor plant, pumps and other machinery adapted to operation by both steam and electricity. One of the surveys of the Arizona Power Company's transmission line passes half a mile east of camp and it is the intention to operate all machinery at the mine by electric power as soon as the power company is ready to deliver its current to mining concerns."

"In crosscuts on the 300 and 500 foot levels to the footwall and hanging wall, distances of 60 and 36 feet respectively, no walls have been found. The formation of porphyry and schist carries values all the way across, stratified with high grade stringers of ore. Concentrates of the product, by actual test, have proven values ranging from \$40 to \$50 a ton."

The management expects to tap the ore body exposed in the upper levels in the drift from the 500 foot station 200 feet farther ahead. All of the drifts are 4½ by 7 feet, ore showing in every heading.

In the installation of the contemplated machinery, the hoist now doing service at the shaft will be moved and the larger one set in its place. Sinking will be resumed in the shaft and work pushed to the 1,000 foot level. The north drift on the 300 foot level is in 100 feet and the south drift foot yet."

The twenty claims comprising the Shylock group cover a stratified formation with gossan tapping in the Yavapai schist belt, six miles east of Dewey station on the Bradshaw Mountain Railroad.

Enright said further before he left that every cent spent in the development of the property, which is owned by the Arizona Central Copper Company, under the management of J. B. Cleveland, can be shown by voucher. Cleveland and Enright are miners of many years' practical experience. Both are familiar with every detail of the business.

## ARIZONA MILITIA REACHES CAMP ATASCADERO

SECOND WEEK OF MANEUVERS BRINGS NATIONAL GUARD OF CALIFORNIA TO CAMP

By Associated Press.  
CAMP ATASCADERO, Oct. 5.—The second week of the joint maneuvers of regulars and militia began today with unusual activity. Three regiments of infantry and three troops of cavalry of the California National Guards, with the regimental brigade staffs, arrived today.

The regulars returned to camp this evening from the first field maneuvers in which the entire command took part. Under Lieut. Col. Coon, they took up a defensive position six miles to the south as an advance guard to troops coming from Monterey with instructions to stop any hostile force coming from Santa Margarita.

With the cavalry on the right flank, and the left wing resting on Salinas River, the artillery in front, supported by infantry platoons with machine guns, and reserves some distance back, Moon's force took up a position extending two miles to the east and west. Col. McClintock drilled the Arizona force several hours this afternoon.

### SILVER MARKET.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—Silver 51½; Mexican dollars 45.

## BULGARIA EYES TURKEY WITH BELLICOSE GLANCES

Two Countries On Edge To Spring In Rage At Each Other's Throats

BULGARIA BELIEVES IT CAN THRASH TURKEY

FRANCE IS ATTEMPTING TO PREVENT WAR AND BRING ABOUT AN AMICABLE SETTLEMENT

By Associated Press.  
PARIS, Oct. 5.—France has assayed the role of mediator with the object of preventing war between Bulgaria and Turkey, and as a result Foreign Minister Pinchons had a series of conferences today with the representatives of the powers of Russia, Turkey, Austria-Hungary, Great Britain, America, and Italy. Active exchanges were going on between the various cabinets and it was announced today that France, Great Britain, Russia and possibly Italy, were prepared to act in unison to preserve peace and call a conference of the signatories of the Berlin treaty to deal diplomatically with the situation, and harmonize conflicting interests so that fresh complications may be avoided.

Already certain tentative propositions as a basis of such conferences have been forwarded to Constantinople, and if Portes assent can be secured it is regarded as certain that peace will be maintained.

The nature of the proposition has not been disclosed, but it is understood they involve the recognition of Garia independence as "fait accompli."

The danger of war is believed to lie with a precipitate action at Constantinople. "Forced by the Young Turks party, which may fear a blow at its prestige if it acquiesces in the loss of Bulgaria, the military party, which wants to restore the old order of things, it is feared, Turkey, although unprepared both from a financial and military standpoint, may proclaim war."

Should this be the case, the efforts of the powers would then be directed to limiting the war to Bulgaria and Turkey.

According to information received here, Bulgaria would welcome war, as Bulgarians are convinced their army would march straight to Constantinople before the Turkish forces could be mobilized.

The view held there is a double move on the part of Bulgaria and Austria-Hungary, the two countries acting together, Germany and Italy having been advised of it in advance.

Russia has also received intimation of the plan, but the Russian foreign minister, Iswolsky, asserts that he has not been let fully into the secret, but has been in some respects misled.

### COPPER MARKET.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—Copper, lake, 13½ @ 13¾; electrolytic, 13¾ @ 13¾; casting, 12½ @ 13¼.

### SENT OVER THE ROAD.

Under Sheriff John Woody of Coconino county, with Deputies John Hennessy and Ben Black, passed through here Sunday night, having in custody four prisoners sentenced to terms in Yuma, and one boy committed to the reform school at the recent term of the district court in Flagstaff.

One Mexican sentenced to four years for assaulting an officer, another Mexican to two years for robbery, a negro to two years for robbery, and a negro to one year for robbery, comprised the delegation to the Yuma penitentiary.

Clarence Rickett is the name of the juvenile committed to the territorial reform school.

### TO ASSIST IN WATER WRANGLE.

George W. Hance will leave today for Phoenix to attend the hearing in the famous case of P. T. Hurle against the water users of the Verde and Salt River valleys. The case involves the title to the waters of the Verde valley by the farmers and freemen who have been residents of the valley almost since its settlement. Hance, who is a pioneer of the valley, and recognized as its best authority on irrigation matters, will be only witness from the Verde valley. The hearing is set for Thursday.